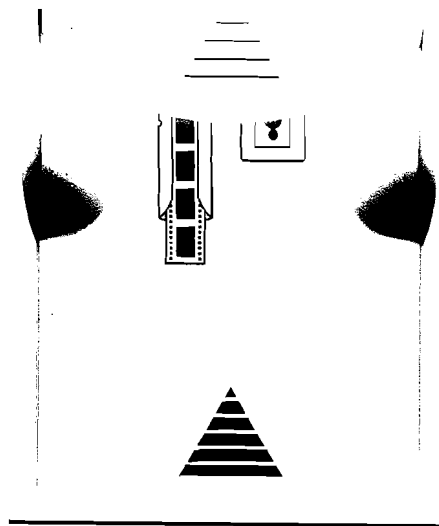
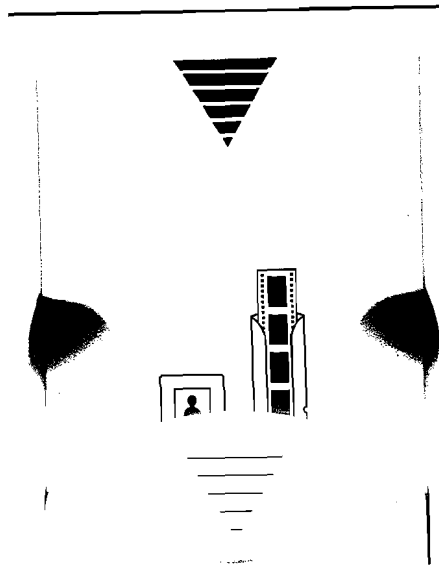


I. Vocabulary 字彙測驗 Choose one correct word. 20%

1. There is an increasing \_\_\_\_\_ for clean, drinkable water.  
(A) factor (B) ethic (C) demand (D) recommendation
2. Native people face \_\_\_\_\_ in the form of problems with land rights and various human rights abuses such as kidnapping, murder and rape.  
(A) wealth (B) exploitation (C) awareness (D) decrease
3. Due to \_\_\_\_\_, our money is worth less now and we have to spend more.  
(A) inflation (B) infection (C) affection (D) stock increases
4. Before the typhoon hit us, we bought a large \_\_\_\_\_ of food and candles in case the electricity failed.  
(A) facility (B) bunch (C) colony (D) supply
5. This cell phone had many \_\_\_\_\_, such as voice messaging, e-mail and a camera.  
(A) facilities (B) functions (C) tones (D) cues
6. He has never been one to go to extremes; he's very \_\_\_\_\_ in his actions.  
(A) moderate (B) veteran (C) showy (D) ultimate
7. There has always been an uneven \_\_\_\_\_ of wealth so that some people live in poverty.  
(A) duration (B) depression (C) distribution (D) portrayal
8. Many children in poor areas are \_\_\_\_\_ of enough food to eat every day.  
(A) deprived (B) aware (C) dense (D) fitting
9. He \_\_\_\_\_ himself by setting a new world record in track.  
(A) distinguished (B) soared (C) wandered (D) saw
10. My plants died out after the \_\_\_\_\_ to frost and snow.





- (A) disorder      (B) ailment      (C) exposure      (D) revolution

II. Grammar: Choose one answer that best completes the sentence (20%)

1. Ken, 42, is excited about the positive results he has seen at his store \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) it starting since English classes two days ago.
  - (B) since starting English classes two days ago.
  - (C) which since starting English classes two days ago.
  - (D) starting since English classes two days ago.
2. Mary makes sure that her doctor is a \_\_\_\_\_ surgeon.
  - (A) boarding-certifying    (B) broadly-certification    (C) broadly-certifying    (D) board-certified
3. The combination of art and math \_\_\_\_\_ very interesting.
  - (A) is    (B) have been    (C) do to being    (D) are
4. \_\_\_\_\_, the fewer mistakes you'll make.
  - (A) The careful you are
  - (B) You are the more careful
  - (C) The more careful you are
  - (D) Are you the careful
5. John didn't like this building, and \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) neither did Helen      (B) Helen doesn't too
  - (C) Helen didn't neither    (D) neither Helen did
6. Researchers reported that \_\_\_\_\_ of traffic deaths in Taiwan are partly caused by aggressive driving.
  - (A) second-three    (B) two-thirds    (C) second-thirds    (D) two-three
7. Her father seldom goes out in the morning, \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) didn't he    (B) his father does    (C) does he    (D) his father doesn't
8. This kind of cosmetic surgery can cost from \$800 to over \$10,000, \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) depending on the number of body areas which are treated by a doctor.
  - (B) it depends on the number of body areas which are treated by a doctor.
  - (C) which have been depended on the number of body areas which are treated by a doctor.
  - (D) by a doctor they have been depended on the number of body areas which are treated.

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9. \_\_\_\_\_, but he can also cook.
- (A) Peter does well in academic affairs not only
  - (B) Not only can Peter do well in academic affairs
  - (C) Doing well in academic affairs not only can Peter
  - (D) Can not only do well Peter in academic affairs
10. This issue has led to some high students \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) social science related to studying degrees in university.
  - (B) they study degrees related to social science in university.
  - (C) whose studied degrees related to social science in university.
  - (D) studying degrees related to social science in university.

III. Cloze: From the list below choose the letter of the answer which best completes the text. (20%)

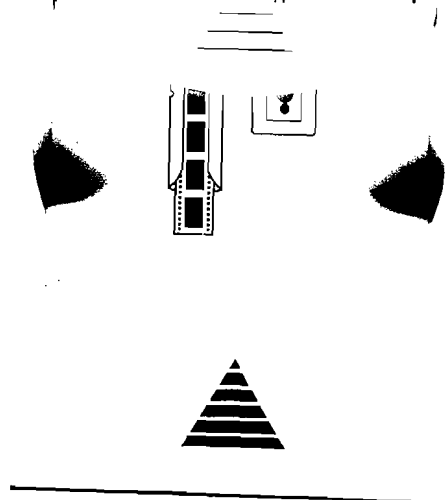
Part A:

In different countries, colors (1) than white are worn by the bride or used (2) part of the wedding ceremony. In certain Asian countries and in the Middle East, red and orange are (3) symbols of joy and happiness. In Chinese cultures, wedding invitations are usually red and gold as these are colors symbolic of wealth and happiness. Wedding guests give gifts of money to the newlyweds in small red envelopes. Not all cultures, (4), consider money a suitable gift. In many Western countries, (5) the U.K., wedding guests give the bride and groom household items that they may need for their new home.

- |                      |               |               |                |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A. other          | B. rather     | C. not        | D. besides     |
| 2. A. for            | B. to         | C. on         | D. as          |
| 3. A. being consider | B. consider   | C. considered | D. considering |
| 4. A. only           | B. such       | C. though     | D. but         |
| 5. A. usually        | B. especially | C. often      | D. together    |

Part B:

In May 1796, Jenner finally got the chance to test his theory. He learned that a young woman from a local farm, Sarah Nelmes, had cowpox. Jenner asked the parents of an eight-year-old boy (6) James \_\_\_\_\_ about James because he had \_\_\_\_\_



never had cowpox or smallpox. Jenner removed pus from Sarah's hand and spread it on scratches he (8) on the boy's arms. As (9), the boy developed a mild case of cowpox, but recovered rapidly. Jenner was now ready for the second, much riskier stage of his experiment. On July 1, 1796, Jenner variolated Phipps with pus from a smallpox patient. Jenner and other scientists and physicians waited anxiously for the results. Some were excited about Jenner's experiment, but many others accused him (10) taking too great a risk.

- |     |             |                 |              |             |
|-----|-------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|
| 6.  | A. name     | B. named        | C. names     | D. naming   |
| 7.  | A. by       | B. as           | C. for       | D. to       |
| 8.  | A. had made | B. has made     | C. is making | D. made     |
| 9.  | A. expect   | B. being expect | C. expecting | D. expected |
| 10. | A. of       | B. to           | C. be        | D. on       |

IV. Reading Comprehension: Choose the best answer (20%)

Part I

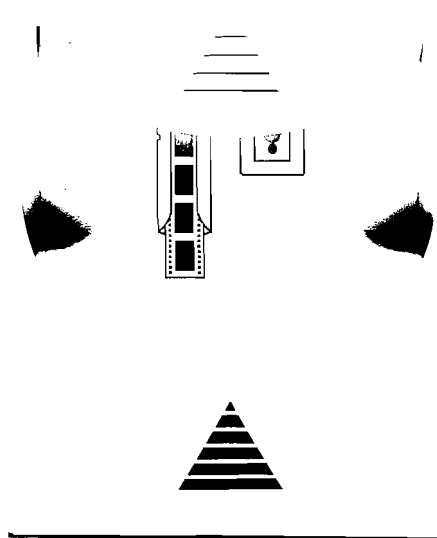
In early July of 1947, a farmer from New Mexico, Mac Brazel, discovered something strange in one of his fields. A large amount of strange debris was scattered across the field. Mr. Brazel did not recognize what the debris was. In fact, it possessed physical properties completely unfamiliar to him and his neighbors. After informing local authorities, Mr. Brazel was further surprised when military personnel arrived to collect the debris. The debris was then transported to Roswell Army Airfield for further study.

The first report issued by the Air Force said that a "flying disk...hexagonal in shape" had been recovered. However, this story was quickly corrected to say that the object which had crashed was in fact a weather balloon. Not everyone was willing to believe this "correction" by Air Force officials. In fact, some conspiracy theorists today still charge that the US government is withholding or suppressing information about the Roswell crash.

The Roswell Incident received national attention in 1947, but after the crash was explained as a weather balloon, the event quickly faded from public interest.

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1. What does this passage describe?
  - (A) A strange event that some people still wonder about
  - (B) How the military investigates UFO sightings
  - (C) One man's encounter with aliens
  - (D) The mysterious death of Mac Brazel
2. As used in this passage, what is the meaning of the word "debris"?
  - (A) An official manuscript
  - (B) Broken pieces of something
  - (C) Garbage floating on water
  - (D) Leaves, sticks, and rocks
3. The phrase "local authorities" in the passage probably refers to
  - (A) Air Force personnel
  - (B) Brazel's neighbors
  - (C) The police in Roswell
  - (D) The US government
4. Why does the author mention conspiracy theorists?
  - (A) To describe a group that believed Brazel's explanation of the crash
  - (B) To provide an example of freedom of speech in the US
  - (C) To show that not everyone believed the official report
  - (D) To support the idea that the debris came from a weather balloon
5. Based on the information in paragraph three, what can be inferred about the Roswell crash?
  - (A) Every year, people visit Roswell to see the crash site.
  - (B) In July 1947, many newspapers reported the story.
  - (C) People did not believe in UFOs before 1947.
  - (D) The Air Force was embarrassed by the Roswell crash.

## Part II

A news agency in the United States, in conjunction with the University of California, conducted two experiments that show just how different American boys and girls are. In the first experiment, children were given some juice. However, instead of sugar, the juice had salt. The girls were polite in thanking the host and telling him how good it was. Boys were honest saying things like, "Yuck" and "This is terrible."

In the second experiment, the children chose a present. When they opened it, all they received were socks and a pencil. The results were the same; the boys were unhappy with the present and said so. The girls thanked the host and said things like, "Wow, just what I needed." When asked why they hadn't been honest, the girls said that they didn't want to be rude or hurt anyone's feelings.

The study then asked the children to describe themselves. Most girls said they were "nice." Boys typically described themselves with such adjectives as smart, funny, or talented. Researchers say that the results are due to how children are raised, and that these differences have negative affects in the workplace. Women achieve less because they are too nice, and men are passed over for promotion because they are too direct.

6. What is the best title for the reading?
  - (A) Girls: Too Nice? Boys: Too Honest?
  - (B) A Study of the News
  - (C) Negative Effects in the Workplace
  - (D) Would You Like Some Juice?
7. According to the passage, what did the children in the study receive?
  - (A) A chance to be on television
  - (B) Lessons on how to be more polite
  - (C) Money and toys
  - (D) Something to wear
8. Which of the following would best replace the phrase "said so" in the paragraph 2?
  - (A) Said how to do it
  - (B) Said what they could do
  - (C) Said what they thought
  - (D) Said which to choose

系組：各系組二、三年級

日期節次：7 月

29 日第 2 節 10:50-12:00

科目：英文 (102-4)

1. What does the writer imply is the cause of the differences between boys and girls?

- (A) Genetics
- (B) Language
- (C) Parenting
- (D) Research

2. Which of the following sentences is NOT true?

- (A) Because they are too nice, women may not achieve as much in the workplace.
- (B) Girls are taught it is more important to be honest than to be polite.
- (C) Although the boys were honest, they were impolite about the juice and present.
- (D) Men may not get a promotion at work because they are too honest.

Translation (20%)

1. Addiction to a TV or computer screen is similar to drug or alcohol dependence: addicts almost never believe they are addicted.
2. When we care for others with deep sincerity, our heart of love is the noble seed that brings great blessings.
3. 這圖書館外觀上是典型傳統式的中國建築，裡面的設備卻相當現代化。
4. 有智慧才能分辨善惡邪正；能謙虛則能建立美滿人生。

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