

## 中國文化大學 101 學年度博士班考試入學招生考試

系組：全校招生系所博士班(11)

日期節次：101 年 5 月 18 日 第 1 節 08:30-10:00

科目：英文[0051]

- I. Vocabulary (20%): Choose the answer that best completes each sentence.
1. That performer \_\_\_ received \$15,000 for just one performance.  
A. rapidly B. morally C. reportedly D. historically
  2. The scientist conducted some \_\_\_ to find out how much sleep most teens need.  
A. equipment B. achievements C. experiments D. patterns
  3. I'm tired because I \_\_\_ too late last night.  
A. grew out of B. stood out C. burned out D. stayed up
  4. The cat \_\_\_ her on the face.  
A. survived B. scratched C. cured D. prevented
  5. Poems are often written in \_\_\_\_.  
A. rhyme B. compete C. replace D. spin
  6. That team has won several \_\_\_\_.  
A. championships B. complaints C. cells D. features
  7. Leave your little brother alone. Don't \_\_\_ him.  
A. pick on B. bring up C. drop out D. stand up for
  8. To be successful, it is important to have high \_\_\_\_.  
A. mystery B. diet C. prevention D. self-esteem
  9. The government spends very little money on education. Almost 60 percent of the people in the country are \_\_\_\_.  
A. live B. illiterate C. anxious D. athletic
  10. When your grandfather dies, you are going to \_\_\_ this house.  
A. reduce B. contribute C. progress D. inherit

II. Grammar (20%): Choose one grammatically correct answer.

1. If I (A. am B. being C. are D. were) you, I would quit smoking for the sake of health.
2. In Taiwan, the ages (A. rose B. have risen C. had been risen D. rising) from 27.2 for men and 24.4 for women in 1960 to 30.2 for men and 28.5 for women in 2008.
3. Taitung is one of the few places in Taiwan (A. which B. where C. in that D. whose) the traditions of native people are still well preserved.
4. Taipei 101 is safe (A. because of B. because C. even if D. despite) the way it was built.
5. "Ski Dubai" is (A. an indoor ski resort B. indoor ski resort C. an indoor resort ski D. a ski resort indoor) with artificial snow where you can ski, snowboard, or just make a snowman.
6. If we want to get a good job, we have to be really good (A. by B. for C. on D. in) English.
7. Most youngsters spend their free time (A. hanged B. hang C. hanging D. to hang) out in the pub.
8. I shouldn't do this, (A. and B. while C. but D. until) we don't want to hurry to the university.
9. All three of us are (A. excited B. to excite C. excited D. be exciting) and wondering what the girls will be like.
10. My heart was filled (A. with B. for C. of D. by) sincere gratitude.

III. Cloze (20%): Choose the best answer.

Using the Internet for communication is still very much the realm of the young and the educated. In the United States, 90 percent of all teenagers between 16-18 and 86 percent of all college graduates use the Internet (1). In contrast, only 25 percent of people over 66 and 33 percent of adults who did not graduate from high school are online. (2) who use Internet technology have formed their own language that outsiders have a hard time (3). This contributes to a growing communication gap between the young and the elderly, and adds to the growing digital divide between those who have access to computers and those who (4) not, or those who are simply not willing to use them. But as the future belongs to the young, we can expect Internet use to grow and perhaps even (5) older forms of communication such as postal services.

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1. (A) regularly (B) intentionally (C) purposely (D) formally
2. (A) These (B) He (C) They (D) Those
3. (A) understanding (B) understand (C) understood (D) to understand
4. (A) need (B) dare (C) do (D) must
5. (A) replace (B) refund (C) remove (D) relocate

Susan Hendrick and Clyde Hendrick are a husband and wife team of psychologists who \_\_ (6) \_\_ the "Love Attitudes Scale" in 1990. They tested the scale \_\_ (7) \_\_ on college students, but also based their findings on other adults they have counseled.

The terms pragma and manic are borrowed from Greek. Ludus is of Latin origin. Pragma is a word root in English, but manic is a word, and ludus is not in common usage \_\_ (8) \_\_ native English speakers.

In Greek, pragma has many different meanings, including action, business, circumstance, necessity and objective. From pragma comes the adjective pragmatic. Manic means extreme excitement or enthusiasm. Ludus is from the adjective ludic, \_\_ (9) \_\_ playful in Latin.

The Hendricks used these terms to name three basic scales and found that men tend to score higher on the Ludus scale, \_\_ (10) \_\_ women tend to score higher on the Pragma and Manic scales. They also discovered that there are no significant differences between heterosexuals and homosexuals with regard to love style tendencies.

6. (A) involved (B) developed (C) invented (D) undertook
7. (A) particularly (B) primarily (C) naturally (D) artistically
8. (A) from (B) among (C) between (D) in
9. (A) meant (B) to mean (C) means (D) meaning
10. (A) which (B) why (C) while (D) where

IV. Reading Comprehension (20%): Choose the best answer based on the passage.

Fortune hunters used to think that if they could find the elephants' graveyard they would be rich. Legend had it that old elephants, when they were approaching death, would go to the same secret spot in the jungle to die. According to some accounts, an animal that was wounded or sick would be guided and half carried by other elephants so that it could reach this sacred spot. Of course, if this were true, it would mean that great amounts of ivory would have accumulated at this hidden place. However, despite numerous attempts, no one has ever found this mysterious elephant graveyard.

Recently, however, people have become more interested in learning the truths about live elephants' behavior than in developing fantastic schemes for finding the tusks of dead ones. Interested scientists who have journeyed to Africa have watched elephants in the wild for years, allowing the huge animals to get used to them so they could observe their behavior at close range. What they have learned about elephants is far more exciting than the location of some secret burial site. Researchers have found that elephants are very intelligent and social animals that form strong friendships among themselves and help to defend and raise each other's calves. The sympathetic elephants that crowd around one of their wounded friends are actually trying to nurse and protect it, not lead it off to some mythical graveyard.

1. This passage focuses mostly on (A. fortune hunters B. elephant legends C. facts about elephants D. dead elephants).
2. According to legends about the elephant graveyard, (A. other elephants helped to carry wounded elephants to the graveyard B. other elephants lived there from time to time C. elephants were not the only animals that went there D. the graveyard was once a well-known spot).
3. From this passage, we can infer that the writer (A. thinks live elephants are much more interesting than dead ones B. is disappointed that the legend is not true C. thinks that elephants are cute and cuddly D. has sympathy for people who believe in the elephant graveyard).

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4. The writer contrasts the behavior of fortune hunters with that of (A. dying elephants B. other jungle adventurers C. those who are truly interested in elephants D. elephant hunters).
5. The best substitute for the word "schemes" in this passage would be (A. expeditions B. trials C. plans D. stories).

For three months the English general James Wolfe had attacked the French forces defending the Canadian city of Quebec. Located on the banks of the mighty St. Lawrence River, Quebec controlled the shipping on this broad waterway that leads to the Great Lakes and the heart of the North American continent. France and Great Britain were competing for control of the American colonies in the Seven Years War of 1756-1763, and the key to an English victory was the conquest of Quebec and access to the St. Lawrence.

In a final desperate attempt, Wolfe decided to circle around the French forces and attack them from the rear. To do this, he had to cross the river, defeat a small group of French guards without allowing them to alarm the nearby French troops, and then get his army of 4,000 men, with their weapons and equipment, up the cliffs known as the Plains of Abraham—all in a single dark night.

On September 13, 1759, the sun rose on an English army that had seemingly miraculously relocated itself to the rear of the French forces. A fierce battle followed, ending with both Wolfe and the French commander, Montcalm, dead on the field. But Wolfe's departing words, as the outcome of the battle became apparent, were "I die contented." Montcalm, when he realized that he too was dying, cried, "thank God I shall not live to see the surrender of Quebec."

6. This passage focuses on (A. two great generals B. the battle for Quebec C. the Seven Years War of 1756-1763 D. the Plains of Abraham)

7. According to the passage, Wolfe was (A. cool and collected B. apathetic to the war's cause C. not a very good general D. anxious to conquer Quebec).
8. We can infer from the passage that (A. this battle had no effect on the American colonies B. better idea to have one play-off game than a series C. neither team was particularly talented D. the Salvadorans and Hondurans were fighting about more than soccer).
9. The writer develops the first paragraph with (A. a summary of the troubles between El Salvador and Honduras B. a series of questions and answers C. exaggeration D. examples of violence related to soccer games).
10. The word "dire" in the passage means (A. dreadful B. unnecessary C. angry D. without rain).

V. Translation (20%): Translate from English into Chinese.

1. Cable television programming just for dogs takes off in the U.S.
2. International trade agreements are necessary for prosperity.
3. During the course of the interview it became clear that he was not suitable for the job.
4. Bankers express concerns over plans to tax gains from stock.
5. The author provides the reader with an interesting perspective.
6. The company's president gave a speech today highlighting the firm's goals for the next quarter.
7. Western pupils lag Asians by three years.
8. This shop sells a lot of precious stones.
9. France was the world's top tourist destination in 2010, followed by the U.S. and China.
10. World's youths fear a jobless future.